

Grade	US/ NH History	World History	Civics and Government	Geography	Economics
K	Different people in US Different types of transportation	People around the world do things differently (music, art, clothing, dance)	Classroom rules Symbol- US flag, pledge	Map vs globe Water vs land 4 seasons	Money buys things People buy and sell things
1	US has special holidays Famous people in US history: Pilgrims, Lincoln etc.	People believe and care about different things (culture, civil rights) Goods come from farms, factories and stores	Rules: classroom, school and community Symbols: flag, eagle, State of Liberty Community helpers	Maps find places: oceans, continents, countries Use map key, compass rose	Types of money-coins, bills Banks –used to save money Needs vs. wants
2	National and NH Celebrations (symbols, famous people, events) Past/present	Different countries do things differently (cultural, social, and political systems) Values/beliefs/traditions	Rules/Government help us There are many countries in the world Identify ways students help school	Label: continents, oceans, equator, north and South Pole, etc. Different places have different weather and natural resources	Value of US bills and coins Define: resources, goods/services, needs/wants, producers/consumers, natural/information systems
3	National and NH celebrations/symbols NH government development through history Connections to people all over the world	Different countries Have their own social and political systems Around the world” traditions, beliefs, values	US government is based on individual rights. Improvements in agriculture help people survive	Landforms of the United States and New Hampshire Continents, oceans	Supply/demand, resources, goods/services, needs/wants, producers/consumers, money systems, natural/information systems
4	NH and National influence of individuals and groups Changing role of women and children over time	Events effect relationships between countries Improvements in agriculture help people survive	3 branches of government NH government organization Different countries have different governments Citizens rights and responsibilities	Geographic tools: maps, globes, graphs, diagrams, photographs, technology etc Climate, landforms, resources affect the Earth	Mass production Supply and demand relationship to price of goods and services Trade between countries- imports/exports
5	-Up to 1840’s- Early native Americans (Introduction to continent development and movement) Exploration Colonization American Revolution	Different countries have different political systems and how they impacted the development of American culture.	Early development of American democracy Articles of Confederation Declaration of Independence NH Constitution Constitution Bill of Rights Democracy	Regions, physical processes, demographics, cultural and influencing factors, spatial concepts. Westward movement (introduction) Louisiana Purchase Homestead Act Lewis and Clark	Bartering/Trading Importing/Exporting Wants / Needs Supply / Demand Productivity/Wages Standard of Living/Wages Purchasing Natural Resources
6	None	Pre History History Study world history through the stage of cultural development Military, Politics, Religion Trade/economy Technology. Some example units include Egypt, Greece/Rome, China, Japan	Other countries – Forms of government, characteristics, conflicts	Physical and political Geographical changes over time. Physical features impacts human activities and constraints	Wants/need, supply/demand, Exports/imports. Trade impacts development of culture
7	Westward Movement Industrialization Civil war Reconstruction Gilded age WWI Economics and immigration.	Cultural influences Art Architecture Religion Disease	Constitution/New Nation State vs. Federal authority NH role in national elections Representative government protecting individual rights (Civic responsibility)	Physical geography impacts culture, community and economics	Cost analysis Taxes Foreign policy International diplomacy ie. -tariffs -quotas -embargo Personal finance
8	1920’s Great Depression WWII Korean War Vietnam War Cold War	Immigration US’ changing role in world affairs Human rights	Contemporary/Current Events 60’s=Civil rights	Physical and cultural geography of countries determines the relationship between countries.	Great Depression=banking system Immigration=jobs Reparation=wars